In the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for building, defining and storing features in an a three-dimensional model using an application neutral format, comprising:

building a feature a plurality of features based on a feature class to give a plurality of built features, wherein the feature class comprises feature geometry, feature constraints, and feature dimensions;

defining the <u>each</u> built feature as a geometric representation of an individual feature type; and

ordering the plurality of built features;

building a three-dimensional feature-based model based on the ordering of the plurality of built features to give a representation; and

storing the representation in a binary file format.

- 2. (Canceled) The method of claim 1 further comprising ordering the built features.
- 3. (Canceled) The method of claim 2 further comprising building a three-dimensional model based on the ordering of the built features.
- 4. (Canceled) The method of claim 3, wherein the three-dimensional model is built in a system utilizing the application neutral format.
- 5. (Canceled) The method of claim 1 further comprising building a three-dimensional model based on the binary file format.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of elaim 5 claim 1, wherein the binary file format comprises a geometry library and a feature library adapted to build the three-dimensional model.

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7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 6, wherein the geometry library comprises geometry classes for:

two-dimensional entities; three-dimensional entities-<u>line</u>; arc; elliptical arc; polyline; <u>spline</u>; face; points; and vectors.

- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7 further comprising copying data between at least one of the class's private data space and an address of the data specified from a calling function.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising, within each class, classifying the data as at least one of a following classification from a group consisting of:

fundamental data; and derived data.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9 further comprising ensuring, by each of the classes, that any change made to the fundamental data via a function will update the derived data accordingly.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising independently defining each feature via a three-dimensional coordinate system.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the three-dimensional coordinate system contains the data necessary to detect at least one of a following element from a group consisting of:

a work plane;

a sketch plane; and

a face upon which a feature may need to be built.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the data comprises at least one of a following element from a group consisting of:

plane vectors;

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an origin of the plane; and an elevation of the plane from a world origin.

- 14. (Canceled) The method of claim 1 further comprising inheriting common properties by the feature from a base feature class.
- 15. (Canceled) The method of claim 14, wherein the base feature class stores data that is common across most feature types.
- 16. (Canceled) The method of claim 15, wherein each individual feature class contains feature specific data.
- 17. (Canceled) The method of claim 1 further comprising creating some features by drawing a profile shape from a collection of entities on a specific surface.
 - 18. (Canceled) The method of claim 1 further comprising constraints for the feature.
- 19. (Original) (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 181, wherein the feature constraints are handled via a class that provides at least one of a following action from a group consisting of:

defining a constraint type, a constraint data value, and a constraint object; and indicating if the constraint is to an edge or to a point, and a definition of the edge or the point, wherein the indicating is based on a constraint object type.

- 20. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the binary file format may contain stored two-dimensional input views via a class.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein each view class contains at least one of a following element from a group consisting of:

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an array of two-dimensional entities; and a coordinate system associated with the view.

- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of elaim 4 claim 1, further comprising not transferring system specific data through an intermediate file based on the ordering of the built features.
- 23. (Canceled) The method of claim 4, wherein the system is a Computer Aided Design (CAD) system.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising not transferring application specific data through an intermediate file based on the ordering of the built features.
 - 25. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein the application is a CAD application.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the binary file format is a binary file of individual features and metadata associated with each feature is created by serializing object data structures of individual features and associated metadata.
- 27. (Canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein the binary file format can be used in a collaborative environment.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the binary file format can be incrementally updated.
- 29. (Withdrawn) A method for incrementally updating a binary file, comprising: indicating changed features between a first binary file and a second binary file at a first client;

receiving the changed features at a second client;

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comparing an identification of the first binary file with the second binary file; and if the identification is new, writing the second binary file to the first binary file.

- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 further comprising, prior to the indicating step, reading features by the first client.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 further comprising, prior to the indicating step, writing the features to a binary file format.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 further comprising, prior to the indicating step, comparing features of the second binary file with the first binary file.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 wherein the indicating step comprises marking any changed features.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 further comprising, after the indicating step, writing the changed features to a separate class.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 further comprising, after the indicating step, attaching a unique identifier to the binary file.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 further comprising, after the writing step, updating feature changes in the first binary file.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29 further comprising, after the writing step, updating a part related to the feature.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37 further comprising redrawing the part if a collaboration between the first client and the second client did not occur.

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39. (Withdrawn) A method for incrementally updating a differential binary file, comprising:

opening a new part by a system that desires to send the part to other collaborating systems;

attaching a tag to the part to identify it in the collaboration; sending the part for collaboration to a client; reading the part by the client; and

if the part has a tag attached to its name, searching by the client for another part in the system that has the same tag in its name.

- 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 39 further comprising, if the other part is not found or there is no tag available for the part, adding a tag to the part.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 40 further comprising making the part available for collaboration.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 39 further comprising, if the other part is found, reading the other part and comparing features of the new part with features of the other part.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42 further comprising, if a match between features is found, comparing other features until the comparison is complete.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42 further comprising, if no match between features is found, adding the new part to a new list until the comparison is complete.
- 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 44 further comprising, when the comparison is complete, comparing features related to the parts.

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- 46. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45 further comprising marking unmatched features and adding them to the new list.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46 further comprising comparing the features in the new list.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 47 further comprising, if the features are the same, deleting the features from the new list.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 48 further comprising adding a differential binary file tag to the new list.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49 further comprising sending a file corresponding to the differential binary file tag to the server for collaboration.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 50 further comprising sending the file by the server to all other collaborating systems.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 51 further comprising checking by the other collaborating systems if a differential binary file tag is present.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 52 further comprising, if the tag is present, mapping the features of the file.
- 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 53 further comprising receiving a feature type and index from the file.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54 further comprising searching the corresponding feature in the collaborating systems.

- 56. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 55 further comprising affecting the changes to the part in the collaborating systems.
- 57. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 52 further comprising, if the tag is not present, drawing the part in the collaborating systems.
- 58. (Currently Amended) A method for converting a two-dimensional drawing to a three-dimensional model, comprising:
 - (a) inputting detecting the two-dimensional drawing;
 - (b) correcting errors associated with the two-dimensional drawing to give a corrected two dimensional drawing;
 - (c) using receiving the corrected drawing by an automated feature detection system to create matched feature loops;
 - (d) performing a profile analysis and a feature analysis on the matched feature loops;
 - (e) producing a an ordered list of three-dimensional features; and
 - (f) writing the ordered list of three-dimensional features to a binary file format.
- 59. (Original) The method of claim 58 further comprising interfacing the binary file format to a binary file system.
- 60. (Original) The method of claim 59 further comprising producing a parametric feature-based three-dimensional model.
- 61. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 60 further comprising back projecting the three-dimensional model to obtain drawing views associated with a two three-dimensional model.

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- 62. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 61 further comprising overlaying the drawing views on top of the original two-dimensional drawing views.
 - 63. (Original) The method of claim 62 further comprising comparing the views.
- 64. (Withdrawn) A system for detecting correcting drawing errors, comprising:
 an automated error detection and correction system adapted to receive a twodimensional drawing; and

a semi-automated error detection and correction system, wherein the automated error detection and correction system is coupled to the semi-automated error detection and correction system;

wherein the automated error detection and correction system is further adapted to automatically detect and correct overlapping entities, duplicate entities, and near zero length entities associated with the drawing; and

wherein the semi-automated error detection and correction system is adapted to receive the resultant drawing, detect disconnected entities and crisscrossing entities associated with the resultant drawing, and produce a corrected two-dimensional drawing.

65. (Currently Amended) A method for converting a two-dimensional drawing to a three-dimensional model, comprising: The method of claim 58, wherein steps (a) and (b) comprises: reading a two-dimensional pre-processed drawing;

automatically filtering non-graphical entities:

exploding any blocks in the drawing to accumulate indivisible geometric entities;

performing error checking on the drawing;

if errors are found, correcting the errors; and

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automatically splitting entities in the drawing or in the corrected drawing corresponding to top, front and side views.

- 66. (Original) The method of claim 65 further comprising fixing a common origin for each view.
- 67. (Original) The method of claim 66 further comprising translating the entities to the common origin.
- 68. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 67 further comprising writing the translated geometric entity data to classes.
- 69. (Withdrawn) A method for detecting a feature associated with a two-dimensional drawing, comprising:

receiving a two-dimensional drawing;
performing a subpart extraction of the drawing;
performing a subpart matching of the drawing;
extracting nested loops and circular loops;
matching the nested loops and circular loops; and
producing matched feature loops.

70. (Withdrawn) A method for analyzing a feature associated with a drawing, comprising:

receiving matched feature loops;
performing a profile analysis on each loop match;
building feature subtrees;
setting a relative volume operation for each of the feature subtrees;
building feature relations on the feature subtrees;
building a model tree based on the feature relations; and

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producing a final feature tree based on the model tree.

71. (New) The method of claim 58, wherein step (c) comprises: receiving the corrected two-dimensional drawing;

performing a subpart extraction of the corrected two dimensional drawing;

performing a subpart matching of the corrected two dimensional drawing;

extracting nested loops and circular loops;

matching the nested loops and circular loops; and

producing matched feature loops.

72. (New) The method of claim 58, wherein steps (d) and (e) comprises: receiving the matched feature loops;

performing a profile analysis on each loop match;

building feature subtrees;

setting a relative volume operation for each of the feature subtrees;

building feature relations on the feature subtrees;

building a model tree based on the feature relations; and

producing a final feature tree based on the model tree to give the ordered list of three dimensional features.

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